## In the Claims:

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions and listing of claims in this application.

1. (currently amended) A a compound of formula (I):

$$R^{1}$$
 $(CH_{2})_{n}$ 
 $R^{2}$ 
 $R^{3}$ 
 $R^{4}$ 
 $R^{3}$ 

wherein

 $R^1$  is  $C_{1-10}$  alkyl,  $C_{3-8}$  alkenyl,  $C_{3-8}$  cycloalkyl,  $(C_{3-8}$  cycloalkyl) $C_{1-6}$  alkyl,  $(C_{3-8}$  cycloalkyl) $C_{3-8}$  alkenyl, or  $(C_{1-8}$  alkylcarbonyl) $C_{1-8}$  alkyl;

n is 1;

X is O-or S;

one of  $R^2$ , and  $R^3$  and  $R^4$  is G and the other two-independently are hydrogen, fluoro, chloro, bromo, nitro, trifluoromethyl, methyl, or  $C_{1-3}$ alkoxy;

R<sup>4</sup> is G

G is LQ;

L is unbranched (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>m</sub> wherein m is an integer from 1 to 7 <u>-CH<sub>2</sub>-</u>;

Q is NR<sup>8</sup>R<sup>9</sup> wherein R<sup>8</sup> is independently selected from hydrogen, C<sub>1.6</sub> alkyl, C<sub>2.6</sub> alkenyl, 3-9 membered carbocyclyl, 3-12 membered heterocyclyl, phenyl, (6-9 membered heterocyclyl)C<sub>1.6</sub> alkylene, and (phenyl)C<sub>1.6</sub> alkylene; and R<sup>9</sup> is independently selected from C<sub>1.6</sub> alkyl, C<sub>2.6</sub> alkenyl, 6-9 membered carbocyclyl, 3-12 membered heterocyclyl, phenyl, (6-9 membered heterocyclyl)C<sub>1.6</sub> alkylene, and (phenyl)C<sub>1.6</sub> alkylene; or

- Q is a saturated, un-substituted 3-12 membered N-linked heterocyclyl, selected from the group consisting of diazepanyl, azepanyl, morpholinyl, decahydroisoquinolin-2-yl, piperidinyl and pyrrolidinyl;
  - wherein, in addition to the N-linking nitrogen, the 3-12 membered heterocyclyl may optionally contain between 1 and 3 additional heteroatoms independently selected from O, S, and NH;
  - wherein Q is optionally substituted with 1-3 substituents independently selected from the group consisting of hydroxy, halo, carboxamide,  $C_{1.6}$  alkyl, 5-9 membered or 6-9 membered heterocyclyl,  $N(C_{1.6}$  alkyl)(5-9 membered or 6-9 membered heterocyclyl), O(5-9 or 6-9 membered heterocyclyl),  $O(5-9 \text{ or } 6-9 \text{$

provided however that when R<sup>1</sup> is methyl, G is not piperidin-1-ylmethyl; and wherein each of the above alkyl, alkylene, alkenyl, heterocyclyl, and cycloalkyl, earbocyclyl, and aryl groups may each be independently and optionally substituted with between 1 and 3 substituents independently selected from trifluoromethyl, methoxy, halo, amino, nitro, hydroxy, and C<sub>1-3</sub> alkyl;

provided that when R<sup>1</sup> is methyl or ethyl, R<sup>2</sup> and R<sup>3</sup> are both H and X is O, then R<sup>4</sup> is not [[5-chloro-1-(1,1-dimethylethyl)-1,6-dihydro-6-oxo-4-pyridazinyl]amino]methyl; and

provided that when  $R^1$  is methyl,  $R^2$  and  $R^3$  are both H and X is O, then  $R^4$  is not 4-morpholin-4-ylmethyl;

or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt, ester, tautomer, solvate or amide thereof.

- 2. (original) A compound of claim 1, wherein  $R^1$  is  $C_{1-10}$  alkyl.
- 3. (original) A compound of claim 1, wherein  $R^1$  is  $C_{3-5}$  alkyl.
- 4. (original) A compound of claim 1, wherein wherein R<sup>1</sup> is isopropyl.

- 5-21: Cancelled
- 22. (currently amended) A compound of claim 56, wherein  $R^9$  is  $C_{1.6}$  alkyl.
- 23. (currently amended) A compound of claim <u>56</u>, wherein R<sup>9</sup> is unsubstituted or substituted phenyl.
- 24. Cancelled
- 25. (currently amended) A compound of claim 57, wherein R<sup>8</sup> and R<sup>9</sup> are methyl.
- 26. (currently amended) A compound of claim 57, wherein R<sup>8</sup> and R<sup>9</sup> are ethyl.
- 27. (currently amended) A compound of claim <u>56</u>, wherein R<sup>9</sup> is selected from phenyl or 5-9 membered aromatic heterocyclyl, wherein said phenyl or aromatic heterocyclyl is optionally substituted with 1-3 substituents selected from methoxy, hydroxy, halo, nitro, amino, trifluoromethyl, and C<sub>1-3</sub> alkyl.
- 28. (previously presented) A compound of claim 27, wherein R<sup>9</sup> is selected from substituted or unsubstituted phenyl, pyridyl, pyrimidyl, furyl, thiofuryl, imidazolyl, (imidazolyl)C<sub>1-3</sub> alkylene, oxazolyl, thiazolyl, 2,3-dihydro-indolyl, benzimidazolyl, 2-oxobenzimidazolyl, (tetrazolyl)C<sub>1-3</sub> alkylene, tetrazolyl, (triazolyl)C<sub>1-3</sub> alkylene, triazolyl, (pyrrolyl)C<sub>1-3</sub> alkylene, pyrrolidinyl, and pyrrolyl.
- 29. (original) A compound of claim 28, wherein R<sup>9</sup> is phenyl.
- 30. (original) A compound of claim 28, wherein R<sup>9</sup> is substituted or unsubstituted pyridyl.

# Claims 31-40: Cancelled

41. (original) A compound of claim 1 selected from the group consisting of: (4-Azepan-1-ylmethyl-phenyl)-(4-sec-butyl-piperazin-1-yl)-methanone; (4-Isopropyl-piperazin-1-yl)-(4-piperidin-1-ylmethyl-phenyl)-methanone;

(4-sec-Butyl-piperazin-1-yl)-(4-piperidin-1-ylmethyl-phenyl)-methanone;
{4-(1-Ethyl-propyl)-piperazin-1-yl}-(4-piperidin-1-ylmethyl-phenyl)-methanone;
{4-(1-Ethyl-propyl)-piperazin-1-yl}-(4-pyrrolidin-1-ylmethyl-phenyl)-methanone;
(4-Isopropyl-piperazin-1-yl)-(4-morpholin-4-ylmethyl-phenyl)-methanone;
(4-sec-Butyl-piperazin-1-yl)-(4-morpholin-4-ylmethyl-phenyl)-methanone
dihydrochloride; and
{4-(1-Ethyl-propyl)-piperazin-1-yl}-(4-morpholin-4-ylmethyl-phenyl)-methanone
dihydrochloride.

- 42. (original) A pharmaceutical composition, comprising a compound of claim 1 and a pharmaceutically-acceptable excipient.
- 43. (original) A compound of claim 1 isotopically-labelled to be detectable by PET or SPECT.

#### Claims 44-46: Cancelled

- 47. (withdrawn) A method for treating a disease or condition modulated by at least one receptor selected from the histamine H<sub>1</sub> receptor and the histamine H<sub>3</sub> receptor, said method comprising (a) administering to a subject a jointly effective amount of a histamine H<sub>1</sub> receptor antagonist compound, and (b) administering to the subject a jointly effective amount of a compound of claim 1, said method providing a jointly therapeutically effective amount of said compounds.
- 48. (withdrawn) The method of claim 47 wherein the histamine H<sub>1</sub> receptor antagonist and the compound of claim 1 are present in the same dosage form.
- 49. (withdrawn) A method for treating diseases or conditions modulated by at least one receptor selected from the histamine H<sub>2</sub> receptor and the histamine H<sub>3</sub> receptor in a subject, comprising (a) administering to the subject a jointly effective amount of a histamine H<sub>2</sub> receptor antagonist compound, and (b) administering to the subject a jointly effective amount of a compound of claim 1, said method providing a jointly therapeutically effective amount of said compounds.

- 50. (withdrawn) The method of claim 39 wherein the histamine H<sub>2</sub> receptor antagonist and the compound of claim 1 are present in the same dosage form.
- 51. (original) A method for treating one or more disorders or conditions selected from the group consisting of sleep/wake disorders, narcolepsy, and arousal/vigilance disorders, comprising administering to a subject a therapeutically effective amount of a compound of claim 1.
- 52. (original) A method for treating attention deficit hyperactivity disorders (ADHD), comprising administering to a subject a therapeutically effective amount of a compound of claim 1.
- 53. (original) A method for treating one or more disorders or conditions selected from the group consisting of dementia, mild cognitive impairment (pre-dementia), cognitive dysfunction, schizophrenia, depression, manic disorders, bipolar disorders, and learning and memory disorders, comprising administering to a subject a therapeutically effective amount of a compound of claim 1.

Claims 54 and 55: Cancelled

56. (new) A compound of formula (I):

$$X$$
 $(I)$ 
 $R^1$ 
 $(CH_2)_n$ 
 $R^2$ 

wherein

 $R^1$  is  $C_{1-10}$  alkyl,  $C_{3-8}$  alkenyl,  $C_{3-8}$  cycloalkyl,  $(C_{3-8}$  cycloalkyl) $C_{1-6}$  alkyl,  $(C_{3-8}$  cycloalkyl) $C_{3-8}$  alkenyl, or  $(C_{1-8}$  alkylcarbonyl) $C_{1-8}$  alkyl;

n is 1:

X is O or S;

one of R<sup>2</sup>, R<sup>3</sup> and R<sup>4</sup> is G and the other two independently are hydrogen, fluoro, chloro, bromo, nitro, trifluoromethyl, methyl, or C<sub>1-3</sub>alkoxy;

G is LQ;

L is unbranched  $-(CH_2)_m$ — wherein m is an integer from 1 to 7;

- Q is NR<sup>8</sup>R<sup>9</sup> wherein R<sup>8</sup> is hydrogen; and R<sup>9</sup> is independently selected from C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl, C<sub>3-6</sub> alkenyl, 6-9 membered carbocyclyl, 3-12 membered heterocyclyl, phenyl, (6-9-membered heterocyclyl)C<sub>1-6</sub> alkylene, and (phenyl)C<sub>1-6</sub> alkylene; or
- Q is a saturated 3-12 membered N-linked heterocyclyl, wherein, in addition to the N-linking nitrogen, the 3-12 membered heterocyclyl may optionally contain between 1 and 3 additional heteroatoms independently selected from O, S, and NH;
- wherein Q is optionally substituted with 1-3 substituents independently selected from the group consisting of hydroxy, halo, carboxamide, C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl, 5-9 membered or 6-9 membered heterocyclyl, -N(C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl)(5-9 membered or 6-9 membered heterocyclyl), -NH(5-9 membered or 6-9 membered heterocyclyl), -O(5-9 or 6-9 membered heterocyclyl), (5-9 membered or 6-9 membered heterocyclyl)C<sub>1-3</sub> alkylene, C<sub>1-6</sub> alkoxy, (C<sub>3-6</sub> cycloalkyl)-O-, phenyl, (phenyl)C<sub>1-3</sub> alkylene, and (phenyl)C<sub>1-3</sub> alkylene-O-, where each of above heterocyclyl, phenyl, and alkyl groups may be optionally substituted with from 1 to 3 substituents independently selected from trifluoromethyl, methoxy, halo, nitro, cyano, hydroxy, and C<sub>1-3</sub> alkyl;

provided however that when R<sup>1</sup> is methyl, G is not piperidin-1-ylmethyl; and wherein each of the above alkyl, alkylene, alkenyl, heterocyclyl, cycloalkyl, carbocyclyl, and aryl groups may each be independently and optionally substituted with between 1 and 3 substituents independently selected from trifluoromethyl, methoxy, halo, amino, nitro, hydroxy, and C<sub>1-3</sub> alkyl;

provided that when R<sup>1</sup> is methyl or ethyl, R<sup>2</sup> and R<sup>3</sup> are both H and X is O, then R<sup>4</sup> is not [[5-chloro-1-(1,1-dimethylethyl)-1,6-dihydro-6-oxo-4-pyridazinyl]amino]methyl; and

provided that when R<sup>1</sup> is methyl, R<sup>2</sup> and R<sup>3</sup> are both H and X is O, the R<sup>4</sup> is not 4-morpholin-4-ylmethyl;

or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt, ester, tautomer, solvate or amide thereof.

## 57. (new) A compound of formula (I):

$$X$$
 $(CH_2)_n$ 
 $R^1$ 
 $R^2$ 
 $R^3$ 
 $R^4$ 

wherein

 $R^1$  is  $C_{1-10}$  alkyl,  $C_{3-8}$  alkenyl,  $C_{3-8}$  cycloalkyl,  $(C_{3-8}$  cycloalkyl) $C_{1-6}$  alkyl,  $(C_{3-8}$  cycloalkyl) $C_{3-8}$  alkenyl, or  $(C_{1-8}$  alkylcarbonyl) $C_{1-8}$  alkyl;

n is 1;

X is O or S;

one of  $R^2$ ,  $R^3$  and  $R^4$  is G and the other two independently are hydrogen, fluoro, chloro, bromo, nitro, trifluoromethyl, methyl, or  $C_{1-3}$ alkoxy;

G is LQ;

L is unbranched  $-(CH_2)_m$ — wherein m is an integer from 1 to 7;

Q is NR<sup>8</sup>R<sup>9</sup> wherein R<sup>8</sup> and R<sup>9</sup> are independently selected from C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl; or

Q is a saturated 3-12 membered N-linked heterocyclyl, wherein, in addition to the N-linking nitrogen, the 3-12 membered heterocyclyl may optionally contain between 1 and 3 additional heteroatoms independently selected from O, S, and NH;

wherein Q is optionally substituted with 1-3 substituents independently selected from the group consisting of hydroxy, halo, carboxamide, C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl, 5-9 membered or 6-9 membered heterocyclyl, -N(C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl)(5-9 membered or 6-9 membered heterocyclyl), -NH(5-9 membered or 6-9 membered heterocyclyl), -O(5-9 or 6-9

membered heterocyclyl), (5-9 membered or 6-9 membered heterocyclyl) $C_{1-3}$  alkylene,  $C_{1-6}$  alkoxy, ( $C_{3-6}$  cycloalkyl)-O-, phenyl, (phenyl) $C_{1-3}$  alkylene, and (phenyl) $C_{1-3}$  alkylene-O-, where each of above heterocyclyl, phenyl, and alkyl groups may be optionally substituted with from 1 to 3 substituents independently selected from trifluoromethyl, methoxy, halo, nitro, cyano, hydroxy, and  $C_{1-3}$  alkyl;

provided however that when  $R^1$  is methyl, G is not piperidin-1-ylmethyl; and wherein each of the above alkyl, alkylene, alkenyl, heterocyclyl, cycloalkyl, carbocyclyl, and aryl groups may each be independently and optionally substituted with between 1 and 3 substituents independently selected from trifluoromethyl, methoxy, halo, amino, nitro, hydroxy, and  $C_{1-3}$  alkyl;

provided that when R<sup>1</sup> is methyl or ethyl, R<sup>2</sup> and R<sup>3</sup> are both H and X is O, then R<sup>4</sup> is not [[5-chloro-1-(1,1-dimethylethyl)-1,6-dihydro-6-oxo-4-pyridazinyl]amino]methyl; and

provided that when  $R^1$  is methyl,  $R^2$  and  $R^3$  are both H and X is O, the  $R^4$  is not 4-morpholin-4-ylmethyl;

or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt, ester, tautomer, solvate or amide thereof.

# 58. (new) A compound of formula (I):

$$X$$
 $(CH_2)_n$ 
 $R^1$ 
 $R^2$ 
 $R^3$ 
 $R^4$ 
 $R^3$ 

wherein

 $R^1$  is  $C_{1-10}$  alkyl,  $C_{3-8}$  alkenyl,  $C_{3-8}$  cycloalkyl,  $(C_{3-8}$  cycloalkyl) $C_{1-6}$  alkyl,  $(C_{3-8}$  cycloalkyl) $C_{3-8}$  alkenyl, or  $(C_{1-8}$  alkylcarbonyl) $C_{1-8}$  alkyl;

n is 1;

X is O or S;

one of R<sup>2</sup>, R<sup>3</sup> and R<sup>4</sup> is G and the other two independently are hydrogen, fluoro, chloro, bromo, nitro, trifluoromethyl, methyl, or C<sub>1-3</sub>alkoxy;

G is LQ;

L is  $-CH_2CH_2-$ ;

- Q is  $NR^8R^9$  wherein  $R^8$  is independently selected from hydrogen,  $C_{1\text{-}6}$  alkyl,  $C_{3\text{-}6}$  alkenyl, 3-9 membered carbocyclyl, 3-12 membered heterocyclyl, phenyl, (6-9-membered heterocyclyl) $C_{1\text{-}6}$  alkylene, and (phenyl) $C_{1\text{-}6}$  alkylene; and  $R^9$  is independently selected from  $C_{1\text{-}6}$  alkyl,  $C_{3\text{-}6}$  alkenyl, 6-9 membered carbocyclyl, 3-12 membered heterocyclyl, phenyl, (6-9-membered heterocyclyl) $C_{1\text{-}6}$  alkylene, and (phenyl) $C_{1\text{-}6}$  alkylene; or
- Q is a saturated 3-12 membered N-linked heterocyclyl, wherein, in addition to the N-linking nitrogen, the 3-12 membered heterocyclyl may optionally contain between 1 and 3 additional heteroatoms independently selected from O, S, and NH;
- wherein Q is optionally substituted with 1-3 substituents independently selected from the group consisting of hydroxy, halo, carboxamide,  $C_{1-6}$  alkyl, 5-9 membered or 6-9 membered heterocyclyl, -N( $C_{1-6}$  alkyl)(5-9 membered or 6-9 membered heterocyclyl), -O(5-9 or 6-9 membered heterocyclyl), (5-9 membered or 6-9 membered heterocyclyl) $C_{1-3}$  alkylene,  $C_{1-6}$  alkoxy, ( $C_{3-6}$  cycloalkyl)-O-, phenyl, (phenyl) $C_{1-3}$  alkylene, and (phenyl) $C_{1-3}$  alkylene-O-, where each of above heterocyclyl, phenyl, and alkyl groups may be optionally substituted with from 1 to 3 substituents independently selected from trifluoromethyl, methoxy, halo, nitro, cyano, hydroxy, and  $C_{1-3}$  alkyl;

provided however that when R<sup>1</sup> is methyl, G is not piperidin-1-ylmethyl; and wherein each of the above alkyl, alkylene, alkenyl, heterocyclyl, cycloalkyl, carbocyclyl, and aryl groups may each be independently and optionally substituted with between 1 and 3 substituents independently selected from trifluoromethyl, methoxy, halo, amino, nitro, hydroxy, and C<sub>1-3</sub> alkyl;

provided that when R<sup>1</sup> is methyl or ethyl, R<sup>2</sup> and R<sup>3</sup> are both H and X is O, then R<sup>4</sup> is not [[5-chloro-1-(1,1-dimethylethyl)-1,6-dihydro-6-oxo-4-pyridazinyl]amino]methyl; and

provided that when  $R^1$  is methyl,  $R^2$  and  $R^3$  are both H and X is O, the  $R^4$  is not 4-morpholin-4-ylmethyl;

or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt, ester, tautomer, solvate or amide thereof.

- 59. (new) Acompound of claim 1, wherein  $R^1$  is  $C_{3-8}$  cycloalkyl.
- 60. (new) A compound that is: Isopropyl-piperazin-1-yl)-(4-morpholin-4-ylmethyl-phenyl)-methanone.
- 61. (new) A compound that is: (4-sec-Butyl-piperazin-1-yl)-(4-morpholin-4-ylmethyl-phenyl)-methanone dihydrochloride.
- 62. (new) A compound that is: {4-(1-Ethyl-propyl)-piperazin-1-yl}-(4-morpholin-4-ylmethyl-phenyl)-methanone dihydrochloride.